House, or any other place of confinement, in this State, shall escape, and if any keeper, deputy, assistant keeper or other person shall aid or assist in the escape of any offender or person detained and confined, as aforesaid, he shall, on conviction thereof by the Criminal Court of Baltimore or by the Circuit Court of the County in which the escape takes place, be sentenced to such confinement in the Penitentiary, or Jail, or House of Correction, as the Court may adjudge, for not more than ten years.

False Pretenses.

139.

Indictment and conviction under this section of obtaining money under false pretenses sustained. Deibert v. State, 150 Md. 689.

The offenses of obtaining money by false pretenses and larceny may be joined. Upon conviction for false pretenses, court competent to impose sentence for three years. Simmons v. State, 165 Md. 166, 170.

Secs. 139-147 cited in sustaining indictment under art. 27, sec. 170. State v. Coblentz, 167 Md. 529.

147.

Secs. 139-147 cited in sustaining indictment under art. 27, sec. 170. State v. Coblentz, 167 Md. 529.

Fire Apparatus—Sale of.

1929, ch. 409.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation or association to sell or offer for sale for use in the State of Maryland any hydrant or fire engines for fire protection purposes unless the same shall be fitted and equipped with the standard thread for fire hose couplings and hydrant fittings designated as the National Standard, which is seven and one-half $(7\frac{1}{2})$ threads per inch, as the same has been adopted by the National Board of Fire Underwriters and is hereby designated as the standard for such equipment in the State of Maryland. Any such person, firm, corporation or association who shall violate the provisions of this section, upon conviction thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (\$25) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) or by imprisonment in the county jail in the county in which the misdemeanor is committed for not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court. Justices of Peace shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the Circuit Courts over prosecutions for violations of this section.

Fire—False Alarm.

1931, ch. 219.

149B. It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to give or cause to be given any false alarm of fire by means of the telegraph box connected with any fire alarm telegraph or by means of telephone or telegraph system, or by any other means or method. Any person violating the pro-